

Think of that student who struggles with:

- Staying focused.
- Messy work space
- Controlling their body or emotions.
- Transitioning throughout the day.
- Staying on task
- Remembering information
- **X** Time management
- X Extra...



The student(s) you are thinking of may be struggling with weak executive functioning skills, also known as executive dysfunction.

What are executive function skills & how can we help our students grow in these skills?

WHAT IS EXECUTIVE FUNCTION?





EXECUTIVE FUNCTION SKILLS DEFINITIONS

"Executive skills are the basic tools for organization, retrieving, and coordinating the information in our own heads, all while dealing with new material and prioritizing it in light of the learning goals" (Cooper-Kahn, Fost, 2013)

"Executive function is like the conductor of the orchestra... a single person who controls everything happening in that orchestra," Dr. Marc Crundwell, PhD, C. Psych (Oct, 18,

2016)

"EF is the ability to maintain an appropriate problem-solving set for attainment of a future qoal" Dr. Christine Purcell, PhD, C. Psych (Oct, 18, 2016)

CORE EXECUTIVE SKILLS

- 1. Planning and organizing
 - 2. Working Memory
 - 3. Initiation
 - 4. Task Monitoring
 - 5. Self-Monitoring
 - Inhibition
 - 7. Emotional Control
 - 8. Shifting

DISCUSS:

What elements of Executive Functioning are you already addressing in your classroom and daily routines? How are you boosting those skills in your students?

What areas do you not currently lack in your classroom? Listen for strategies later in our discussion.

HOW DO EF SKILLS DEVELOP?

We are not born with these skills. We learn them over time by watching how it is modeled by others around us and through practice.

People develop these skills at different paces and with different strengths and weaknesses in these skills.

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The Executive Functioning Ladder

Response Inhibition
Working Memory
Emotional Control
Flexibility
Sustained Attention
Task Initiation
Planning/
prioritization



Organization
Time
management
Goal-directed
persistence
Metacognition

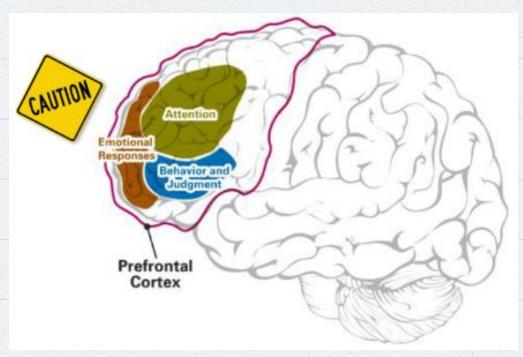


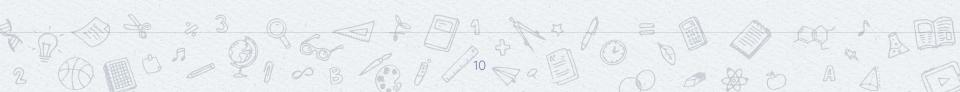
Dr. Christine Purcell PhD, C. Psychologist (Oct. 2016)

PARTS OF THE BRAIN

Frontal Lobes are mostly involved, however there are other regions of the brain that do the different processes of EF.

If there is a problem with a certain region, that it can cause difficulties with EF.





EXECUTIVE DYSFUNCTION

"Executive Dysfunction is not a disorder... instead it describes difficulty with a cluster of skills and may be associated with other difficulties," (Cooper-Kahn, Fost, 2013).

There are a variety of underlying conditions or situations that could cause Executive dysfunction in an individual.



CONDITIONS THAT CAN AFFECT E.F. SKILLS

- Developmental disorders such as ADHA =, Autism Spectrum Disorders, and specific learning disabilities
- X Acute or Chronic Stress
- X Depression, Anxiety, and other Psychiatric Disorders
- X Low-Incidence Disorders such as Tourette's syndrome and Schizophrenia

"When children are exposed to chronic stress, both the structure and the chemistry of the brain are altered," Center on the Developing Child at Harvard University (2011).

QUESTIONNAIRE TIME!

Think of one student in your class. Fill this <u>questionnaire</u> out as if you are this student. This can be used as a tool with your student in the future.

	Exe	ecutive Ski	Ills Questionnaire	_				
		Peg Dawso	n & Richard Guare					
dis	p I: Read each item below and agree with how well it describes re. Then add the three scores i cutive skill strengths (2-3 highe	you. Use to in each sec	the rating scale bell tion. Use the Key of	ow to choose the appr n page 2 to determine	ropriate			
	Strongly disagree Disagree Tend to disagree Neutral	1 2 3 4	Tend to agree Agree Strongly agree	5 6 7				
i	tem				Your score			
	I don't jump to conclusions							
	I think before I speak.				(
3.	I don't take action without havi	ing all the fa	acts.	YOUR TOTAL SCORE:	_			
				TOUR TOTAL SCORE.				
4	I have a good memory for fact	e datae ar	nd details					
	I am very good at rememberin			to do				
	I seldom need reminders to co				va ²⁰ (\$			
		09*******		YOUR TOTAL SCORE:	<u> </u>			
7	My emotions soldom not in the	way whon	performing on the	ioh				
		otions seldom get in the way when performing on the job. lings do not affect me emotionally or distract me from the task at hand.						
9.	I can defer my personal feeling	gs until afte	r a task has been o	ompleted				
				YOUR TOTAL SCORE:	-			
10.	No matter what the task, I belie	eve in getti	ng started as soon					
	as possible.				10-00			
	Procrastination is usually not a I seldom leave tasks to the las		or me.					
12.	I seldom leave tasks to the las	t minute						
				YOUR TOTAL SCORE:	V <u></u>			
13.	I find it easy to stay focused or	n my work.						
14.	Once I start an assignment, I v	work diligen			\equiv			
15.	Even when interrupted, I find it	t easy to ge	et back and comple	te the job at hand.				
				YOUR TOTAL SCORE:	(<u>)</u>			
16.	When I plan out my day, I iden	ntify prioritie	es and stick to them					
	When I have a lot to do, I can							
18	I typically break big tasks dow	n into subta	asks and timelines.					
				YOUR TOTAL SCORE:				
19.	I am an organized person. It is natural for me to keep my				\equiv			

	Strongly disagree 1	Tend to agree	5			
	Disagree 2 Tend to disagree 3		6 7			
	Tend to disagree 3					
	of the day, I've usually finis		do.	Your scor		
	y on time for appointments					
	YOUR TOTAL SCORE:					
25. I take unex	pected events in stride.					
26. I easily adju						
27. I consider r	nyself to be flexible and ad	aptive to change.				
			YOUR TOTAL SCORE:	82		
28. I routinely e	evaluate my performance a	and devise methods fo	r			
personal in	provement.			828		
29. I am able to decisions	step back from a situation	n in order to make obj	ective			
	uations well and can adjust	my behavior based o	n the reactions of other	rs.		
			YOUR TOTAL SCORE:			
			TOOK TO THE GOOKE.	S 7		
	yself as being driven to me			20		
	e up immediate pleasures t setting and achieving high					
33. I believe in	setting and achieving high	levels of performance	1.	_		
			YOUR TOTAL SCORE:	S		
	king in a highly demanding			7 <u></u> 7		
	mount of pressure helps m			3235		
36. Jobs that in	clude a fair degree of unp	redictability appeal to		3 7 - 3 5		
			YOUR TOTAL SCORE:	100		
		KEY				
Items	Executive Skill	Item	s Executive	Skill		
				JKIII		
1-3	Response Inhibition Emotional Control	4-6	Working Memory Task Initiation			
13 - 15	Sustained Attention	16 - 18	Planning/Prioritiza	ation		
19 - 21	Organization	22 - 24	Time Managemen			
25 - 27	Flexibility	28 - 30	Metacognition			
31 - 33	Goal-Directed Persist	ence 34-36	Stress tolerance			
strongest Skills		Weak	Weakest Skills			
Strongest Skil						
Strongest Skil		-				
Strongest Skil		12				

- 1. After completing the questionnaire with one student in mind, what did you discover?
- 2. How might a questionnaire like this help you when working with this student?

3. Was this helpful?

4. What strategies do you think might be helpful to support this child?

RESPONSE INHIBITION

Definition:

To be able to think before doing or being able to stop behaviors at appropriate times

Impact if weak skill:

Can be impulsive and unfocused.

- 1. Post classroom expectations in visual area.
- Discourage multitasking, but increase brain breaks.
- 3. Use verbal and visual prompts
- 4. Help student identify where and when impulsive behavior occurs.
- 5. Coping skills, slow down, think first, positive self talk.
- 6. Increase external controls in classroom environment.



WORKING MEMORY

Definition:

To be able to retain,, retrieve, and manipulate stored and new information.

Impact if weak skill:

Have difficulty remembering multiple bits of information to complete a task.

- 1. Display agendas or calendars
- 2. Have checklist/to do list
- 3. Review previous knowledge/experiences
- 4. Encourage rehearsal
- 5. Give directions in multiple formats
- 6. over-learn material
- 7. use visual images and other memory strategie
- 8. Give teacher-prepared handouts prior to lessons
- 9. Encourage active reading
- 10. Write down steps and procedures
- 11. Provide retrieval practice

EMOTIONAL CONTROL

Definition:

To be able to reflect on one's feelings and manage and control behavior.

Impact if weak skill:

May have extreme emotions and poorly controlled reactions.

- 1. Connect the idea that emotions drive behaviors
- 2. Be patient with the individual
- 3. Help students understand emotions in real time
- 4. Do check ins throughout the day with student
- 5. Help build emotional vocabulary
- 6. Designate a calm-down spot
- 7. Share your own feelings
- 8. Teach coping skills



TASK MONITORING

Definition:

To be able to monitor and reflect on one's own performance and how well they are reaching the set goal.

Impact if weak skill:

Might not be able to adjust thinking to keep content of task or work at slow pace, or listen to feedback

- 1. Use rubrics and examples
- 2. Allow time for reflection
- 3. Get peer feedback
- 4. Allow for multiple attempts/drafts

PLANNING AND ORGANIZATION

Definition:

To be able to make a goal or put thoughts or things in order. To know where things are stored.

Impact if weak skill:

May have problems
breaking task into small
steps to reach
goal/complete task. May
look things easily. Might not
use good time
management. 3

- 1. Set up and Stick to a Routine
- 2. Clean Out the Clutter
- 3. Create a Checklist
- 4. Use Memory Aids and planner
- 5. Use the Buddy System
- 6. Label and Color Code Everything
- 7. Model and discuss strategies as a whole group
- B. Provide handouts that are three-hole-punched in advance
- 9. Keep classroom systems simple

SELF-MONITORING

Definition:

To be able to observe one's own behavior and determine whether it conforms to the expectations.

Impact if weak skill:

Student will miss the signs that their behavior is not appropriate and can be causing problems for others.

- 1. Mindfulness activities
- 2. Feelings chart
- 3. Guided meditation/yoga
- 4. Cool down conor
- 5. Social stories/Use literature
- 6. Practice self-control with games
- 7. Create a share journal
- 8. Explicitly teach self-regulation skills/Discuss scenarios
- 9. Use visuals as reminders
- 10. Create a social scripts binder
- 11. Give movement breaks
- 12. Develop routines for success

SHIFTING/FLEXIBILITY

Definition:

To be able to change from one subject/situation to another smoothly. To go with the flow or adapt to changing conditions.

Impact if weak skill:

Student will have trouble making transitions throughout the day. Student may not be comfortable with change or unexpected situations.

- 1. Timers for warning of transitions
- 2. Have daily schedule displayed. Change it up once in a while when possible. Notify students of changes to the day as early to help them mentally prepare for change.
- 3. Help students problem-solve
- 4. Teach flexibility explicitly
- 5. Teach self-advocacy skills
- 6. Focus on growth mindset
- 7. Reassure students who love routines
- 8. Build collaborative partnerships with students
- 9. Include group work with individual roles
- 10. Use literature
- 11. Discussion scenarios



HOW CAN YOU HELP YOUR STUDENTS DEVELOP THEIR EXECUTIVE FUNCTION SKILLS?

- X These were just a few ideas to how to support your students.
- * What are things you are already doing that have worked well?

- What are areas that you need to improve?
- What other strategies might you try?



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